

COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVE ADJECTIVES

Adjetivos Comparativos en Inglés

Terminados en -Y

y ➔ ier

✓ Happy: **happier**
(Feliz) (más feliz)

✓ Funny: **funnier**
(Gracioso) (más gracioso)

Una sílaba

adjetivo + er

✓ Tall: **taller**
(Alto) (más alto)

✓ Big*: **bigger**
(Grande) (más grande)

*Si el adjetivo de una sílaba termina en:
Consonante + Vocal + Consonante (ejemplo:
BIG), doblamos la última consonante: bigger

2 o más sílabas

more + adjetivo

✓ Intelligent: (Inteligente)

more intelligent
(más inteligente)

Irregulares

✓ Good: **better**
(Bueno) (mejor)

✓ Bad: **worse**
(Malo) (peor)

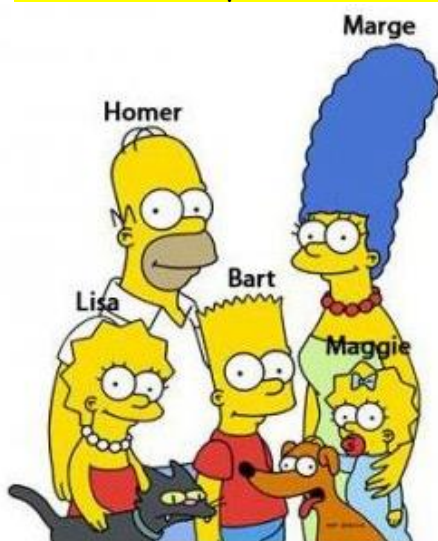
Con los comparativos usualmente utilizamos **THAN** que significa QUE.

Ejemplos:

Peter is more intelligent than Paul. (Peter es más inteligente que Paul)

Mery is funnier than her sister (Mery es más graciosa que su hermana)

1. Look at the picture and complete with the correct names.



1: Homer is shorter than _____.

2: Marge is taller than _____.

3: Lisa is taller than _____, but she is shorter than _____.

4: Bart is taller than _____, but he is shorter than _____.

5: _____ is shorter than Lisa.

6: _____ is taller than Maggie, but she is shorter than _____.

7: Bart is taller than _____ and _____.

Adjetivos Superlativos en Inglés

Los superlativos expresan el grado máximo de un adjetivo. Hay 4 reglas:

Terminados en -Y

y ➔ iest

✓ Happy: **The happiest**
(Feliz) (El más feliz)

✓ Funny: **The funniest**
(Gracioso) (El más gracioso)

Una sílaba

adjetivo + est

✓ Tall: **The tallest**
(Alto) (El más alto)

✓ Big*: **The biggest**
(Grande) (El más grande)

*Si el adjetivo de una sílaba termina en:
Consonante + Vocal + Consonante, doblamos
la última consonante: The biggest

2 o más sílabas

The most + adjetivo

✓ Intelligent: (Inteligente)

The most intelligent
(El más inteligente)

Irregulares

✓ Good: **The best**
(Bueno) (El mejor)

✓ Bad: **The worst**
(Malo) (El peor)

2. Look at the picture and complete with the correct names:



1. The oldest person in the picture is _____
2. The youngest person in the picture is _____
3. _____ is the fattest person in the picture.
4. _____ is the shortest person.
5. The tallest person is _____
6. The wisest person is probably _____

3. Clasify the adjectives in the charts below and complete





Long	boring	short	cheap	fat	interesting
Difficult	easy	expensive	tiny	dry	far
beautiful	good	generous	colourful	bad	

One syllable adjectives or adjectives ending with Y		
ADJECTIVES	COMPARATIVOS -ER/-IER	SUPERLATIVE -EST/-IEST
Long		

Two or more syllable adjectives		
ADJECTIVES	COMPARATIVOS -ER	SUPERLATIVE -EST
Boring		

Irregular adjectives		
ADJECTIVES	COMPARATIVOS -ER	SUPERLATIVE -EST
Far	further	the furthest

4. Look at the information. Then read and circle.

				
Long or short?	91 pages	237 pages	380 pages	158 pages
Interesting or boring?	7/10	5/10	9/10	10/10
Difficult or easy?	★★★★	★★★	★	★★
Cheap or expensive?	£6	£9	£8	£4

★★★★ = very difficult ★ = very easy

- The blue book is **the most interesting** / **the most boring** book.
- The yellow book is **the longest** / **the shortest** book.
- The yellow book is **more interesting** / **more boring** than the red book.
- The purple book is **the easiest** / **the most difficult** book.
- The red book is **the cheapest** / **the most expensive** book.
- The blue book is **shorter** / **longer** than the purple book
- The purple book is **cheaper** / **more expensive** than the red book.

5. Complete the sentences about the books.

Comparative

- The red book is _____ (short) than the blue book
- The blue book is _____ (easy) than _____
- The yellow book is _____ (cheap) than _____
- The purple book is _____ (interesting) than _____

Superlative

- The yellow book is _____ (easy) book.
- The blue book is _____ (expensive) book.
- The red book is _____ (interesting) book.
- The purple book is _____ (short) book.

6. Write 6 sentences using comparative adjectives and 6 sentences using the superlative ones. Remember, you can use the negative form

Happy-Sad

happy happier the happiest
Sam Melis Paul

Sad-Happy

sad sadder the saddest
Tim John Sarah

Hot-Cold

hot hotter the hottest
Louis Karl Junior

Cold-Hot

cold colder the coldest
Eva Fred Bart

Strong-Weak

strong stronger the strongest
Max Brad Henry

Weak-Strong

weak weaker the weakest
Bob Abel Tim

Comparative

Examples: John is **sadder** than Tim

Tim is not **sadder** than John, he is **happier**.

- 1.....
- 2.....
- 3.....
- 4.....
- 5.....
- 6.....

Superlative

Examples: Paul is **the happiest** person in the picture

- 1.....
- 2.....
- 3.....
- 4.....
- 5.....
- 6.....